## AGA

Please write clearly in block capitals.

Centre number


Candidate number


Surname
Forename (s)
Candidate signature


## GCSE

Model Solutions

## Foundation Tier Paper 2 Calculator

Monday 6 November 2017 Morning
Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

## Materials

For this paper you must have:

- a calculator
- mathematical instruments.


## Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Draw diagrams in pencil.
- Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.


## Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 80 .
- You may ask for more answer paper, graph paper and tracing paper. These must be tagged securely to this answer book.

| For Examiner's Use |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Pages | Mark |
| $2-3$ |  |
| $4-5$ |  |
| $6-7$ |  |
| $8-9$ |  |
| $10-11$ |  |
| $12-13$ |  |
| $14-15$ |  |
| $16-17$ |  |
| $18-19$ |  |
| $20-21$ |  |
| $22-23$ |  |
| $24-25$ |  |
| TOTAL |  |

## Advice

- In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.

Answer all questions in the spaces provided

1 How many minutes are there in $2 \frac{1}{4}$ hours? 60 minutes in 1 hour Circle your answer.

$$
2 \text { hours }=60 \times 2=120 \text { minutes }
$$ minutes $[1$ mark]

135
145
215 225

2 Which of these numbers is half of a square number?

$$
4 \div 2=2
$$

Circle the value of the digit 3 in the number 17.03
$0 \cdot 03=\frac{3}{100_{[1 \mathrm{mark}]}}$
$\frac{3}{10} \quad \frac{1}{30}$
$\frac{3}{100}$
$\frac{1}{300}$
$4 \quad$ The value of $A$ is double the value of $B$.


$$
A=B+2 \quad A=2 B \quad A=\frac{B}{2}
$$

$$
A=B^{2}
$$

5 (a) Simplify

$$
y \times y=y_{\text {Answer }}^{2} y^{2}
$$

5 (b) Simplify $5 a+2-a+9$


Turn over for the next question

6 The table shows information about the birds in a garden.

| Bird | Number |
| :---: | :---: |
| Robin | 2 |
| Sparrow | 5 |
| Wren | 3 |
| Lark | 1 |

Draw a bar chart to show the information.

bars of equal
width
type of bind

7 Eve has these coins.


$$
b
$$



Ola has these coins.


Eve gives three of her coins to Ola.
Now, Ola has the same amount of money as Eve.
Which coins does Eve give to Ola?
$\qquad$
Answer $\mathrm{El}, 2 \mathrm{Op}, 2 p$

Turn over for the next question

8 A dry cleaning shop has the following offers.


Work out the total price for 2 suits and 6 dresses.
2 suits $=1$ normal pice + Ihalf price cost $=E 12.50+\frac{E 12.50}{2}$
$=\kappa 18.75$
6 dresses $=2 \times(3$ for the price of 2$)$
$=$ cost of 4 dresses
$E 9.75 \times 4=E 39$
total cost $=E 18.75+E 39$

$$
=E 57.75
$$

Answer \& $\quad 57.75$
$9 \quad$ Karl has twin sisters.
The sum of the ages of Karl and his twin sisters is 39
In 4 years' time the twins will be 18
How old will Karl be in 4 years' time?

(1) $k+2 s=39$
(2) $5=18-4=14$
(2) into (1) $K+2(14)=39$ $K+28=39$
$k=11$
So in 4 years time, Karl will be $11+4=15$
Answer $\qquad$

Turn over for the next question

10
One of the angles in a triangle is $60^{\circ}$

Tick a box for each statement.

|  | Must be true | Cannot be true | Might be true |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| The triangle is equilateral |  |  |  |
| 2 | The triangle has at least <br> one other acute angle |  |  |
| The triangle is right-angled |  |  |  |
|  | The other two angles are <br> each less than $60^{\circ}$ |  |  |

[4 marks]
$1 \rightarrow$ the other 2 angles could be $60^{\circ}$.
$2 \rightarrow$ the remaining angles add to $180-60=$ 120, so at least one of them must be less than 90.
$3 \rightarrow$ the angles could be $60^{\circ}, 90^{\circ}$ and $30^{\circ}$
$4 \rightarrow$ the other 2 angles need to add to $120^{\circ}$, if they are both less than $60^{\circ}$ this is not possible.
$60+60=120^{\circ}$

$$
\text { e.g. } 59+59=118^{\circ}
$$

11
Which of these numbers has exactly two factors? Circle your answer.

6 as exactly two factors? $6: 1,2,3,6$
factors of $6: 1,7$
factors of $7: 1,7$

Work out

$$
\sqrt{7.5^{2}+18^{2}}=\sqrt{56.25+324}=\sqrt{380.25}
$$

Circle your answer.

$$
=19.5
$$

[1 mark]


13 (a) Use your calculator to work out the exact value of $\frac{18953 \times 437}{11}$

$$
=\frac{8282461}{11}=752951
$$

13 (b) Use approximations to 1 significant figure to check if your answer to part (a) is sensible.


$$
\begin{aligned}
18953 & =20000 \\
437 & =400 \quad(1.5 .5) \\
11 & =100 \quad(1.5 \cdot f)
\end{aligned}
$$

$20000 \times 400=800000$

suitable.

$$
752951=800000(1.5 \cdot f)
$$

14 Chris sells lawnmowers.
The table shows the number he sold each quarter for three years.

|  | Quarter 1 | Quarter 2 | Quarter 3 | Quarter 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2016 | 17 | 64 | 50 | 5 |
| 2015 | 9 | 72 | 61 | 1 |
| 2014 | 19 | 58 | 53 | 2 |

14 (a) In which year did he sell the most lawnmowers?
You must show your working.
2016 total $\rightarrow 17+64+50+5=136{ }_{[2 \text { marks }]}$
2015 total $\rightarrow 9+72+61+1=143$ 2014 total $\rightarrow 19+58+53+2=132$ so sells the most in 2015

Answer $\qquad$

14 (b) He uses the table to decide the number of lawnmowers to stock each quarter.
At the start of which quarter should Chris stock the most lawnmowers?
Circle your answer. for all 3 years, this is the

Quarter 1 quarter when he sells the most [1 mark]

Quarter 2
Quarter 3 Quarter 4 lawnmo wers.

In a test,
Section A has 80 marks
Section B has 120 marks.

Riga scores
55\% in Section A
$70 \%$ in Section B.

To pass, Riga needs to score $65 \%$ of the total marks.
Does she pass?
You must show your working.
$80 \times 0.55=44$ so scores 44 marks in section $A$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\frac{128}{200} \times 100=64 \%$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
Amer Needs $65 \%$ to pass, so No she does not pass.

16 A wheel is made of a circular rim and 8 spokes as shown.


Not drawn accurately

The length of each spoke is 37 cm
Work out the total length of the rim and spokes.
total length of spokes:
$8 \times 37=296 \mathrm{~cm}$
length of rim is the circumference $2 \pi \times 37=74 \pi$
so total length $=296+74 \mathrm{~J} \mathrm{~cm}$

$$
\begin{equation*}
\text { Answer } 296+74 \pi \tag{cm}
\end{equation*}
$$

17 Here is a formula to convert degrees Celsius $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ to degrees Fahrenheit $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.

$$
F=1.8 C+32
$$

$F$ is the number of degrees Fahrenheit
$C$ is the number of degrees Celsius

17 (a) Show that $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$
When $c=-40$

$$
\begin{aligned}
F & =1.8(-40)+32 \\
& =-40
\end{aligned}
$$

hence $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$
$\qquad$

17 (b) The temperature is $-15^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Nick says,
"Because the temperature is negative in Celsius, it must be negative in Fahrenheit."
Is he correct?
You must show your working.
when $C=-15$
$F=1.8(-15)+32$
$F=-27+32=5$
Answer No he is not correct because $5^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ is positive.

Here are five cards.


One of the cards is removed.
The mean of the numbers on the remaining four cards is 6
Which card was removed?
You must show your working.

The removinuing 4 cards add to 24
$\qquad$

Answer $\square$


19 (a) Divide 120 in the ratio $1: 4$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{120}{1+4}=\frac{120}{5}=24 \\
& \left.\times 24 G_{24}: 46\right) \times 24 \\
& 24+96=120
\end{aligned}
$$

Answer 24
$7: 4$ in the form $n: 1$


19 (b) Write the ratio $7: 4$ in the form $n: 1$


Answer $\frac{7}{4}$ $\qquad$

Turn over for the next question

In 2015, Han was paid $£ 1350$ per month.
In 2016, he
had a $2 \%$ increase in his monthly pay
worked 37.5 hours per week
worked for 47 weeks.
Work out Han’s average pay per hour for 2016
per month: $£ 1350 \times 1.02=E 1377$
total earnt in $2016=E 1377 x$
12 months $=$ E16524
$\begin{aligned} \text { total hours worked } & =37.5 \times 47 \\ & =1762.5 \text { hows }\end{aligned}$
pay per hour $=\frac{\text { total pay }}{\text { total hows }}=\frac{16524}{1762.5}=9.38$

Answer $£$
9.38

21 An experiment is carried out 200 times.
The possible outcomes are $K, L$ and $M$.

21 (a) Complete the table.
[2 marks]

| Outcome | K | L | M |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Frequency | 84 | 54 | 62 |
| Relative <br> frequency | 0.42 | 0.27 | 0.31 |

relative frequency $=\frac{\text { frequency }}{200}$

21 (b) Altogether, the experiment is carried out 500 times.
How many times would you expect the outcome to be K?

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Answer $\qquad$

Turn over for the next question

The table shows information about the UK and Germany.

|  | Population | Area (square miles) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| UK | 64000000 | 95000 |
| Germany | 82000000 | 140000 |

Population density $=\frac{\text { population }}{\text { area }}$
Compare the population densities of the UK and Germany.
[3 marks]

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { UK population density } & =\frac{64000000}{95000} \\
& =673.7
\end{aligned}
$$

Germany population density $=\frac{82000000}{140000}$ $=585.7$
$673.7>585.7$, so population density is greater in the UK.
23 Which one of the following is discrete data?
Circle your answer.
discrete data can only take certain [1 mark] values.

Mass of a television
Time taken to deliver a television

Height of a television mast


24 Describe fully the single transformation that maps triangle $A$ to triangle $B$.

[3 marks]
Enlargement, scale factor $\frac{1}{3}$ Centre $(5,1)$

Turn over for the next question

The graph shows information about prisms with the same volume.


25 (a) Give one example to show the volume is $24 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
Volume $=$ length $\times$ area take the point $(2,12)$ volume $=12 \times 2=24 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$

25 (b) The diagram shows a prism with volume $24 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
The height of the triangular cross section is $h$.


Work out the height, $h$.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Volume of }=\text { area of } \\
& \text { triangle } \times \text { length } \\
& \text { prism }
\end{aligned}
$$

Answer $\qquad$ cm

## Turn over for the next question

26 A ball is thrown from a height of 15 metres.
It bounces to height $h_{1}$, then to height $h_{2}$ as shown.


Not drawn accurately
$h_{1}$ is three quarters of the original height.
26 (a) Jack expects $h_{2}$ to be three quarters of $h_{1}$
Work out the value of $h_{2}$ that he expects.

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Answer $\qquad$ 8.4375 metres

26 (b) In fact, $h_{2}$ is two thirds of $h_{1}$
How does this affect the answer to part (a)?
Tick a box.


The ball bounced higher than he expected


The ball bounced lower than he expected

Show working to support your answer.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& h_{1}=15 \times \frac{3}{4}=11.25 \mathrm{~m} \\
& h_{2}=11.25 \times \frac{2}{3}=7.5 \mathrm{~m}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
7.5<8.4375
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
4(3 x-2) & =2 x-5 \\
12 x-8 & =2 x-5
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
12 x-2 x=-5+8
$$



Work out the next term of this quadratic sequence.



Answer 23.2 degrees

END OF QUESTIONS

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